





Partnering for Healthier Food Systems & Nutrition: SMEs and Food Regulators in Focus STAKEHOLDER NUTRITION DIALOGUE

Pakistani Entrepreneurs as Advocates for Nutrition: Inputs for Nutrition for Growth (N4G) Summit 2025

December 28, 2024 | Avari Hotel, Lahore, Pakistan

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Flow

- Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition- GAIN
- Food Security Snapshot- Challenge
- Food Systems and Importance of Food Systems Transformation
- SMEs Work at GAIN SME's and nutrition
- > The Nutrition For Growth (N4G) Summit
- > Summary
- Q & A Session

THE GLOBAL ALLIANCE FOR IMPROVED NUTRITION (GAIN)

GAIN is a global, Swiss-based foundation - launched at the United Nations General Assembly in 2002 to tackle the human suffering caused by malnutrition.

OBJECTIVES:

GAIN mobilizes public-private partnerships and provides financial and technical support to deliver nutritious foods to those most at risk of malnutrition.



Increase consumer demand for nutritious and safe foods.



Increase accessibility to nutritious and safe foods.

Strengthen the **enabling environment** for designing, implementing, and scaling up effective programs.





Pakistan Food Security Snapshot

Current Situation, Priorities & Challenges



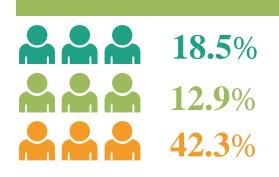


THE CHALLENGE (FOOD SECURITY)

Globally

- **3.1 Billion/ 42 percent** were unable to afford a healthy diet in 2021.
- People unable to afford a healthy diet actually fell by 52 million from 2020 to 2021.
- In 2022, an estimated 148.1 million children under five years of age (22.3 percent) were stunted, 45 million (6.8 percent) were wasted, and 37 million (5.6 percent) were overweight.

Pakistan

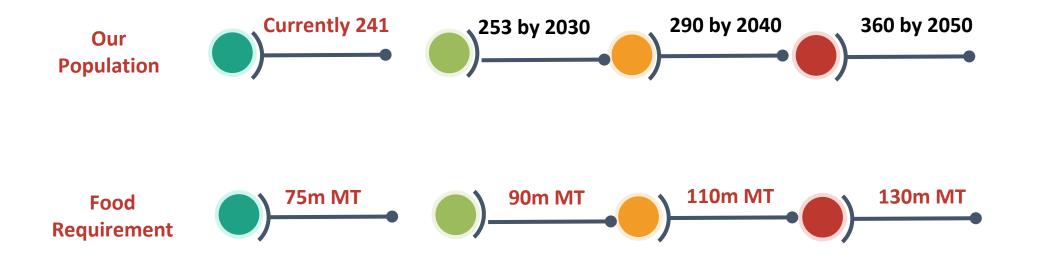


- Undernourished People (42.8 million)
 - Severely Food-Insecure People (29.9 million)
 - Moderately or Severely Food-Insecure People (97.9 million)



RISING FOOD DEMANDS IS ALREADY PRESSURIZING OUR NATURAL RESOURCE BASE

POPULATION(IN MILLION), FOOD REQUIREMENT & AND URBANIZATION TRENDS:





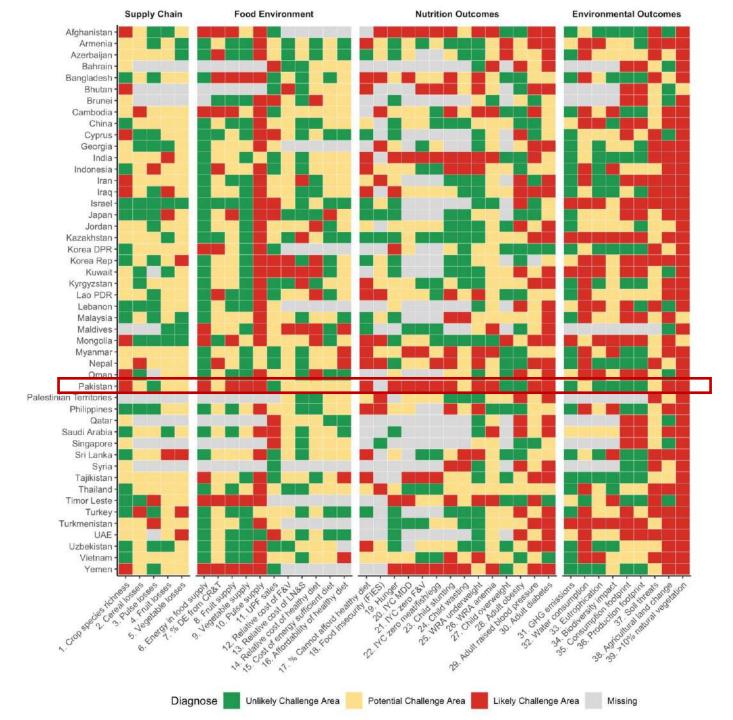
In 2022 Pakistan had the most people affected by disaster

🙇 Pakistan	Flood	33.0 million	💩 Bangladesh	Flood	7.2 million
orgo (Democratic Rep.)	Drought	26.0 million	💩 China	Drought	6.1 million
💩 Ethiopia	Drought	24.1 million	💩 Niger	Drought	4.4 million
💩 Nigeria	Drought	19.1 million	💩 🛚 Burkina Faso	Drought	3.5 million
💩 Sudan	Drought	11.8 million	🐼 Philippines	Storm 'Nalgae'	3.3 million



1 - Extremely High - Food consumption directly exposed to conflict and low stocks 2 - Extremely High - Food consumption directly exposed to export restrictions and low stocks 2 - Very High - Food consumption directly exposed to conflict 2 - Extremely High - Food consumption directly exposed to export restrictions or conflicts 6 - High - Large Increase in Food Cost compared to GDP expected 7 - High - High Risk of Food Price increase due to last month changes 8 - Moderate - High Risk of Food Price increased driven by the last 12 month changes 9 - Moderate - No immediate risks but Fertilizer supply compromised 1 - Minor Risk

Pakistan's food consumption is highly exposed to export restrictions or conflicts



We gain Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition

For Pakistan, the Food Systems challenge areas include

- Crop species richness is low
- Supply of fruit, vegetable, pulses are low
- Affordability of healthy diets is poor
- Infant & Young Child Diet
 Diversity is low
- High Adult raised blood pressure
- High Adult diabetes



The percentage of the Pakistan population unable to afford a healthy diet is increasing

Unlike Bangladesh and India

Regions/ subregions/ countries/ territories	Cost of a healthy diet				People unable to afford a healthy diet										
	2017 (PPF	2018 P dollars	2019 per per	2020 rson per	2021 day)	2017	2018	2019 (%)	2020	2021	2017	2018	2019 (millions)	2020	2021
Bangladesh	2.882	2.971	3.024	3.064	3.201	75.3	72.5	70.8	68.7	66.1	121.8	118.7	117.1	115.0	111.9
India	2.824	2.830	2.877	2.970	3.066	78.8	73.2	71.4	76.2	74.1	1 066.8	1 001.9	986.9	1 064.0	1 043.0
Pakistan	3.408	3.395	3.460	3.685	3.893	81.0	79.8	81.4	83.5	82.8	175.3	175.4	181.8	189.7	191.6



MEASURING WHAT THE WORLD EATS

INSIGHTS FROM A NEW APPROACH

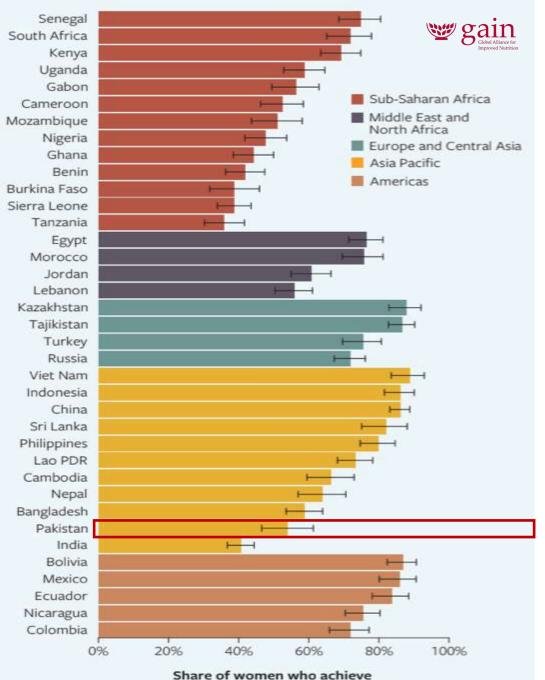


GALLUP

CHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH Department of Global Health and Population

🐨 gain

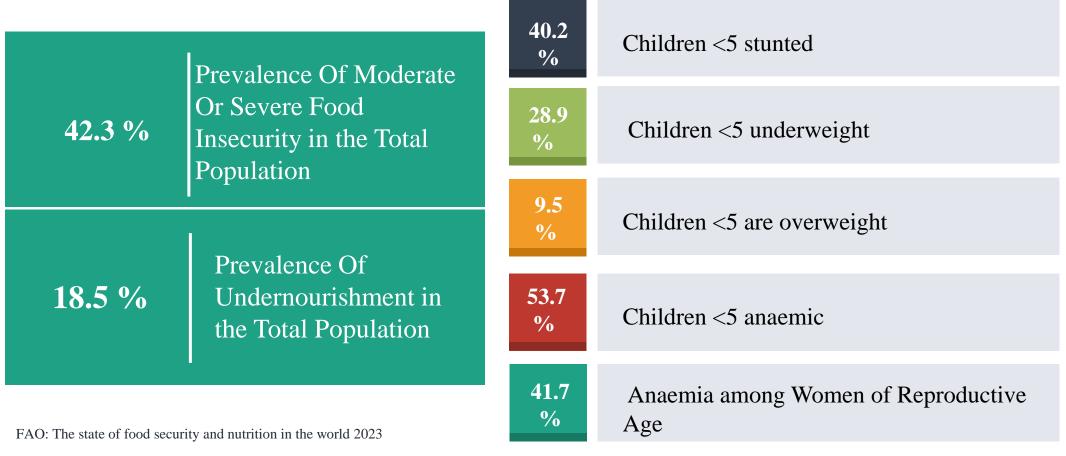
Pakistan women have low diet diversity compare d to rest of Asia



minimum dietary diversity (MDD-W)



PAKISTAN FOOD SECURITY AND NUTRITION SNAPSHOT



NNS- 2018, Pakistan National Nutrition Survey

82.8% (>192million) of people in Pakistan are unable to afford a healthy diet



STRATEGIES TO PROMOTE RESILIENCE IN FOOD SYSTEMS

INCREASE DIVERSITY IN FOOD SUPPLY

Diversity is the antidote to fragility

- Diversity in crop production
- Diversity in where grown
- Diversity in who grows food

MAKE STAPLES MORE NUTRITIOUS

Staple consumption is protected during crisis

- Increase supply of biofortified foods
 - (Iron/zinc lentil)
- Increase coverage of fortified foods
 - Opportunities in Wheat flour (no data), Salt (voluntary not mandatory)

BUILD NUTRITION INTO SOCIAL PROTECTION

Pakistan's Food Distribution Networks (FDN) have limited impact on women's and children's nutrition

- Introduce social and behaviour change communication
- Link to local production and local markets

BETTER BALANCE OF DOMESTIC & IMPORT SUPPLY

Imports are disrupted during crisis

- Increase diversity in length of supply chains
- Reduce export restrictions in time of crisis
- Local facilities for pre-mix to fortify foods



Food Systems Transformation



FOOD SYSTEMS & IMPORTANCE OF FOOD SYSTEMS TRANSFORMATION

FOOD SYSTEMS

A Systematic approach to think about a broader set of valued outcomes such as nutrition and health, livelihoods, and planetary health; to think about a broader set of factors that can influence these outcomes, and to think about synergies and trade-offs between all of these.

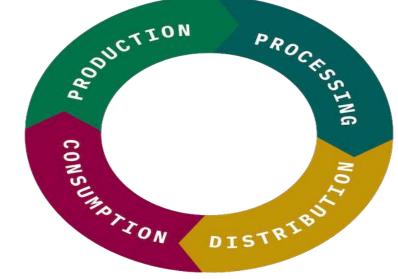
What is a food system?

1. Production

- Preparing soil and planting seeds
- Harvesting crops
- Breeding and raising livestock
- Breeding and raising fish

4. Consumption

- Purchasing food
- Storing food at home
- Cooking
- Eating
- Composting



2. Processing

- Storing harvests
- Butchering meat and poultry
- Catching fish
- Milling grain
- Cleaning fruits and vegetables

3. Distribution

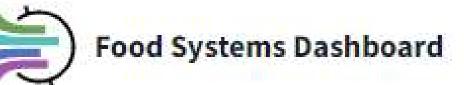
- Selling food at local market
- Shipping to regional or international locations
- Distributing via wholesalers or community programs

FOOD SYSTEMS TRANSFORMATION





CGIAR- Four targeted action areas for transforming food systems, 2021



The Food Systems Dashboards

A Tool for Holistically Examining Country Food Systems



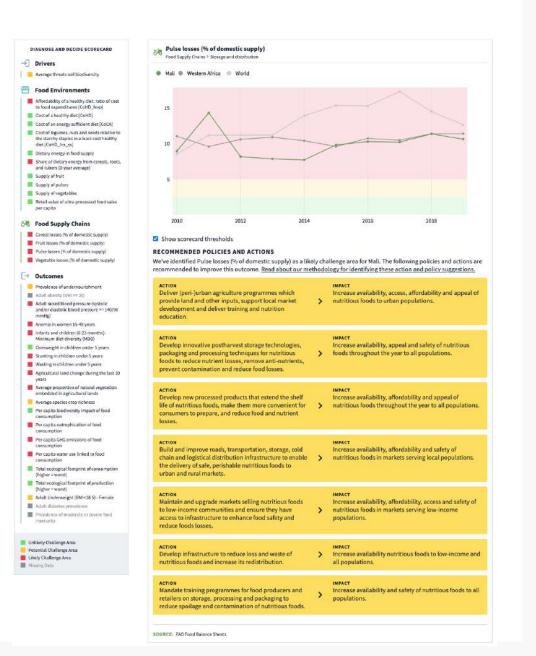


200 + indicators230 countries & territories

Diagnose citation: https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article/comment s?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0270712

Decide citation:

https://www.gainhealth.org/sites/default/files/even t/publication-42-policies-and-actions-to-orientfood-systems-towards-healthier-diets-for-all.pdf



Pakistan's new Subnational Food systems Dashboard will help plan for improved resilience





Inauguration of

PAKISTAN SUBNATIONAL FOOD SYSTEMS DASHBOARD

Monday, 4th Sep 2023

Transforming Pakistan's Food Systems Pakistan Agricultural Research Council (PARC) M/o National Food Security & Research



COLUMBIA CLIMATE SCHOOL Climate, Earth, and Society



Inauguration of KISTAN SALARY SYSTER Market Control of Control of

Muhammad Mahmood, Federal Secretary, Ministry of National Food Security & Research

September 2023

PAKISTAN PRIORITIES TOWARDS FOOD SYSTEM TRANSFORMATION

Public Priorities – A food systems approach

Food Security: Stable and adequate food supply, and access to affordable and nutritious food.

- Improved Access to Safe And Healthy Diets: A new initiative by the Prime Minister.
- Sustainable Agriculture and Crop Diversity: Enhance agricultural productivity while minimizing negative environmental impacts.
- Climate Resilience: Mitigate impacts of climate change on agriculture.
- Technology Adoption and Supply Chain Improvement: Support the adoption of modern technologies and Food Loss & waste-FLW reduction.
- Nutrition and Health: Promote better nutrition and dietary habits.
- Market Access and Trade: Improved infrastructure, trade agreements, and quality standards.
- Policy and Regulation: Reviewing and updating agricultural and other relevant policies and regulations
- Linking research, data, innovation, and extension for a sustainable food system

SME WORK AT GAIN

A snapshot of GAIN programmes on SME development.



Introduction to GAIN's SME Development Approach

SMEs focused on nutritious foods play a critical role in the broader food system.

- Their ability to contribute to better diets at a population level depends on their capacity to grow and scale.
- > Key barriers to SME growth include:
 - Limited access to finance.
 - Unfavorable regulatory environments.
 - Gaps in technical skills and knowledge.
- > Overcoming these challenges can lead to:
 - Increased job creation.
 - Greater availability of Nutritious, Desirable, and Affordable foods, especially for low-income communities.

Over the last decade, GAIN has provided business development services to more than 1,000 SMEs, offering support at both the individual company level and collectively for groups of businesses.





SMEs and Nutrition

2 Billion

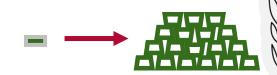
People do not consume sufficient minerals and vitamins for health growth (GNR 2018)

3 Billion

People cannot afford a healthy diet and an addition 1 billion may be at risk (FAO 2023)

\$39 – 50 Billion

is needed every year to close the finance gap and to reach the nutrition targets of SDG 2 (GNR 2021)





of all businesses in the agri-food sector are SMEs (World Bank 2020) 80%

of Africa's animal-source foods, fruits and vegetables (food rich in minerals and vitamins) are produced by SMEs (GAIN 2019)



SMEs are (too) **small for banks** and (too) **big for microfinance** financing (GAIN). **Every 1 dollar** invested in nutrition generates **16 dollars** in returns (WHO 2019)



ADRESSING SME NEEDS





FOUR PRIORITY NUTRITION OUTCOMES



Increased access to nutritious foods through wider distribution, improved affordability, variety, and desirability.



Increased supply of nutrients and reduced harmful elements through improved reformulation.



Increased food safety and reduction in contaminants during production.



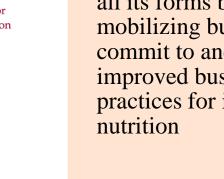
Reduced environmental impact of the food supply chain through **decreased food loss during production.**



SCALING UP NUTRITION BUSINESS NETWORK (SBN)

The SBN facilitates and coordinates the mobilization of the private sector at global and national levels to better contribute to and invest in improving nutrition – aligned to, and in support of SUN Country national nutrition strategies.





Reduce malnutrition in all its forms by mobilizing business to commit to and invest in improved business practices for improved nutrition

Purpose

Bringing together the private sector, government, and others to work with and support businesses, in joint, practical actions that shape sustainable local food systems and help improve nutrition

SBN does this by?

Improved business practices for nutrition, maximizing private sector contribution to safe, healthy, and affordable diets for all

Goal



KEY ACTIVITIES





Enhance

Enhance the technical capacity of MSMEs to produce and process safe, quality and nutritious foods



Improve

Improve access to finance and technical assistance for MSMEs to enable them to invest in production, processing, transport and consumption of safe, quality priority nutritious foods



Increase

Increase consumer awareness and demand for priority foods required for improved dietary diversity for children aged 6-23 months and women of reproductive age



Convene

Convene the wider business community to strengthen nutrition action



Enable

Support the development of a supportive policy and regulatory environment for SME investment in nutrition



Leverage

Leverage large national businesses to implement workforce nutrition programmes

Engage Women and Youth Entrepreneurs (cross-cutting theme)

Encourage and support inclusive business growth, employment, and skills development to empower women and youth-led businesses and workers to enable greater contributions to nutrition and food systems transformation





83 Years of combined experience in food and nutrition security

48

meetings with relevant non-

business stakeholders to foster

their contribution in addressing

malnutrition were organized

during the past 6 months

1,600 Members

Mobilized in 25 countries

1,200 SMEs

supported to formulate nutrition-oriented goals for their businesses.

40

Government departments sensitized on the roles of SMEs in addressing malnutrition during the past 6 months

200

Links/partnerships facilitated between SBN members and other partners.

19

New tools, guidance documents, or best practices disseminated to businesses in the past 1 year.

+20

National and regional Pitch Competitions organized

+ \$500,000

raised by SMEs through Pitch Competitions

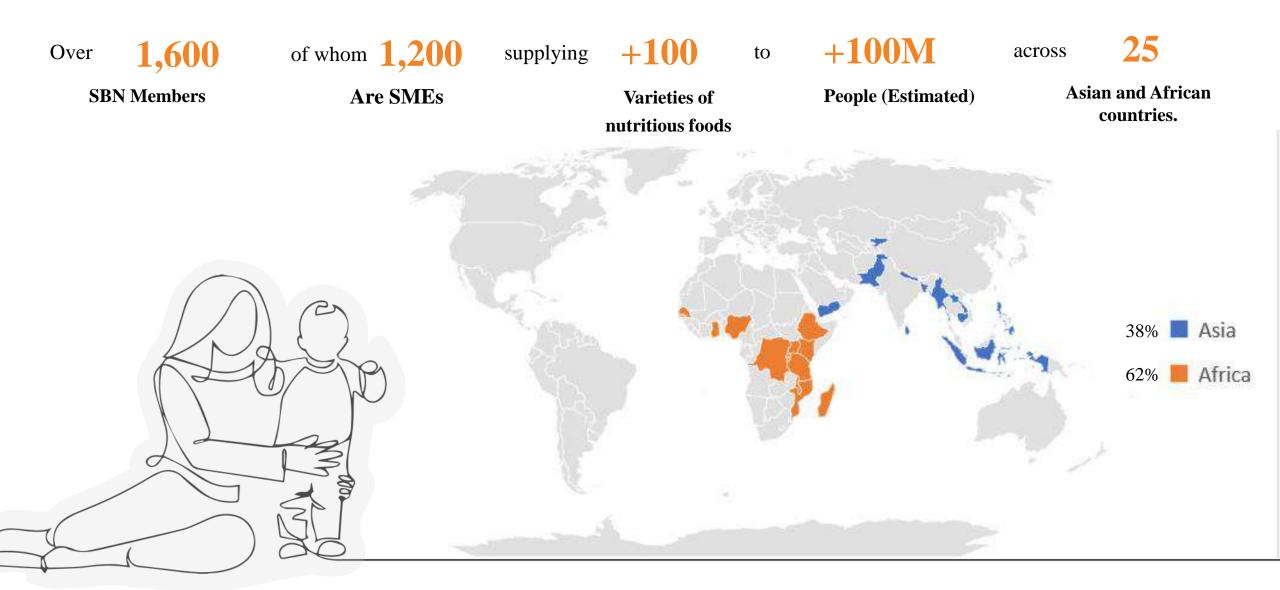
+100

Tailored technical assistance packages provided to SMEs

33

Member convenings organized during the past 6 months **SBN's REACH**





THE NUTRITION FOR GROWTH (N4G) SUMMIT

- Prompted by the 2012 London Olympics, <u>The Nutrition For Growth (N4G)</u> <u>Summit</u> is the flagship international conference on global nutrition hosted every four years by the paralympic/Olympic host country.
- N4G brings together governments, International Organizations, Philanthropies, Businesses, NGOs and other key stakeholders at a global and regional level to elevate nutrition as a key development agenda and accelerate progress against malnutrition.

<u>The N4G Summit</u> offers a unique platform for sharing successes and solutions and building commitments for nutrition for growth, and nutrition for... good!



Summary

- Pakistan is highly exposed to shocks
- Pakistan's food systems are vulnerable to shocks
- This affects the nutrition of individuals and hence their future resilience to shocks
- Food systems data is vital
- SMEs/Businesses and GAIN
- You are part of N4G



Question & Answers

Thank you

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