

OFFICIAL FEEDBACK FORM

DIALOGUE TITLE	Presentation of the Results of the Food Safety Consultation in the Schools in Cusco
DIALOGUE DATE	Saturday, 7 September 2024 15:00 GMT -05:00
CONVENED BY	World Vision, ARLIC Network (Regional Alliance of Cusco Leaders), Youth Network Our Voices Event announced on behalf of the Convenor by: Roberto Casquero. Especialista National Participation Feedback published on behalf of Convenor by: Roberto Casquero Myauntupa. National Specialist in Citizen Participation
EVENT LANGUAGE	Spanish
HOST LOCATION	Cusco, Peru
GEOGRAPHIC SCOPE	Regional-Cusco
AFFILIATIONS	World Vision Peru
DIALOGUE EVENT PAGE	https://nutritiondialogues.org/dialogue/55752/



The outcomes from Nutrition Dialogues will contribute to developing and identifying the most urgent and powerful ways to improve nutrition for all, with a focus on women and children and young people. Each Dialogue contributes in four distinct ways:

- Published as publicly available PDFs on the Nutrition Dialogues Portal Available as
- public data on the Nutrition Dialogues Portal “Explore Feedback” page Available publicly within a .xls file alongside all Feedback Form data for advanced analysis Synthesised into reports that cover which
- nutrition challenges are faced, what actions are urgently needed and how should these be taken forward – particular, in advance of the Nutrition for Growth Summit in Paris, March 2025.

SECTION ONE: PARTICIPATION

TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

35

PARTICIPATION BY AGE RANGE

0 0-11

26 12-18

2 19-29

7 30-49

1 50-74

0 75+

PARTICIPATION BY GENDER

28 Female

7 Male

0 Other/Prefer not to say

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS FROM EACH STAKEHOLDER GROUP

28 Children, Youth Groups and Students

0 Educators and Teachers

0 Financial Institutions and Technical Partners

0 Healthcare Professionals

0 Information and Technology Providers

0 Marketing and Advertising Experts

0 News and Media (e.g. Journalists)

0 Science and Academia

0 Sub-National/Local Government Officials and Representatives

0 Women's Groups

1 Civil Society Organisations (including consumer groups and environmental organisations)

0 Faith Leaders/Faith Communities

0 Food Producers (including farmers)

0 Indigenous Peoples

0 Large Business and Food Retailers

6 National/Federal Government Officials and Representatives

0 Parents and Caregivers

0 Small/Medium Enterprises

0 United Nations

0 Other (please state)

OTHER STAKEHOLDER GROUPS

None

ADDITIONAL DETAIL ON PARTICIPANT DIVERSITY

The students who participated were from the rural area of Cusco

SECTION TWO: FRAMING AND DISCUSSION

FRAMING

The event took place in the following context: According to the United Nations report "The state of food security and nutrition in the world 2024", in Peru 17.6 million people suffered from moderate or severe food insecurity (51.7% of the population), that is, they do not have regular access to sufficient, safe and nutritious food. Learn how the QaliWarma National School Feeding Program works in Cusco. The Public Agenda of NNAJ organizations, one of the problems it addresses is Climate Change, as a cause of food insecurity in the country. The WV ENOUGH Global Campaign that seeks to address hunger and child malnutrition caused by the climate crisis

NUTRITION SITUATION PRESENTATION

<https://nutritiondialogues.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/12/PLAN-DE-MEJORA-ARLIC-CUSCO-QALIWARMA.pdf>

DISCUSSION

Presentation of the results of the Consultation in Cusco on Food Safety in Schools and the proposal for Improvement. The questions that guided the dialogue were: How to include the participation of students in the monitoring of the food service in Cusco? How to improve the quality of the food provided by the service and improve the nutrition of students?

SECTION THREE: DIALOGUE OUTCOMES

CHALLENGES

The nutritional challenges are:

Improving food service in Cusco schools and improving student nutrition.
Incorporate student participation in monitoring food service in schools.

URGENT ACTIONS

Improving food service in Cusco schools and improving student nutrition.
Incorporate student participation in monitoring food service in schools.

AREAS OF DIVERGENCE

The only disagreement was how to incorporate the participation of girls, boys and adolescents in the process of monitoring the school food service.

OVERALL SUMMARY

It is important to note that this dialogue was attended by representatives of the Qali Warma program in the Cusco region of Peru and also representatives of the education sector, with whom the entire consultation and dialogue process in Cusco was previously coordinated. Members of the network of girls, boys, adolescents and young people (ARLIC, Regional Alliance of Cusco Leaders, and Nuestras Voces) participated with great commitment in the previous workshops to analyze results and prepare the proposal to improve the service in Cusco.

SECTION FOUR: PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT & METHOD

PRINCIPLES OF ENGAGEMENT

The dialogue reflected the voice of the users of the school feeding program, including students and parents. There was informed participation. The consultation process was built in a participatory manner with organizations of girls, boys and adolescents, and spaces were provided so that students could dialogue with authorities and representatives of the State. Prior to the dialogue process, meetings were held with representatives of the State as well as with girls, boys and adolescents to present the entire Dialogue and Consultation process, with a schedule and key actions. Commitments were generated in these conversations. For this process, the methodology or model of Citizen Voice and Action was used, which allows dialogue between citizens and authorities with the purpose of improving public services, in this specific case the Food Service in Schools.

METHOD AND SETTING

The event was organized through expository discussions and a dialogue of commitments. The students were in charge of presenting the results and the proposal for improvement in Cusco.

ADVICE FOR OTHER CONVENORS

It is important to collect the voices of citizens related to the problem to be addressed, because they are the ones who best know the situation of the needs, and also to call upon representatives of civil society. It is also important to involve citizen representatives in the dialogues in order to build alternative solutions to the problems with them.

FEEDBACK FORM: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Recognition is given to the young people who accompanied the children and adolescents to carry out the entire dialogue and consultation process. Recognition is given to the regional office of World Vision in Cusco for facilitating spaces for dialogue and participation of children and adolescents.

RELEVANT LINKS

- Photos from the dialogue event
https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1yLq7DiRI_7BLSuXNh-S6A3eAHyZNVhS7?usp=sharing