

OFFICIAL FORM OF FEEDBACK

TITLE OF THE DIALOGUE	Community nutrition dialogues
DATE OF THE DIALOGUE	Friday, 27 December 2024 09:00 GMT -05:00
CALLED BY	Leaders of commune 1 Medellin
EVENT LANGUAGE	Spanish
LOCATION OF THE HOST	Medellin, Colombia
GEOGRAPHIC SCOPE	Community
AFFILIATIONS	World Vision
EVENT PAGE OF DIALOGUE	https://nutritiondialogues.org/es/dialogue/58000/

SECTION ONE: PARTICIPATION

TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS

20

PARTICIPATION BY AGE RANGE

0 0-11

0 12-18

5 19-29

10 30-49

5 50-74

0 75+

PARTICIPATION BY GENDER

20 Female

0 Male

1 Other/Prefers not to say

NUMBER OF PARTICIPANTS FROM EACH STAKEHOLDER GROUP

0 Children, youth groups and students

0 Educators and Teachers

0 Financial institutions and technical partners

0 Health professionals

0 Information and technology providers

0 Marketing and advertising experts

0 News and Media (e.g. journalists)

0 Science and Academia

0 Government officials and representatives
local/subnational

20 Women's groups

1 Civil society organizations (including groups
of consumers and environmental organizations)

0 Religious Leaders/Religious Communities

0 Food producers (including farmers)

0 Indigenous peoples

0 Large food companies and retailers

0 Government officials and representatives
national/federal

0 Parents and Caregivers

0 Small/Medium Enterprises

0 United Nations

0 Other (please specify)

OTHER STAKEHOLDER GROUPS

ADDITIONAL DETAILS ON THE DIVERSITY OF PARTICIPANTS

SECTION TWO: FRAMING AND DISCUSSION

MARKED

DISCUSSION

What are our feelings or concerns about nutrition in our community? How do we ensure good nutrition for everyone in our community? What measures might be needed to ensure good nutrition for everyone in our community? Who needs to be involved in order for us to achieve good nutrition for everyone in our community?

SECTION THREE: RESULTS OF THE DIALOGUE

CHALLENGES

"As a mother, I know that my daughter eats a lot and at first she was calm because of the food they gave her at school, however she always came and told me she was hungry, now I pack her a lunch box and I hope it fits with what they give her there."

"One of the things that worries me the most is not having a stable job to meet all my children's needs. I am Venezuelan and I have to pay rent, groceries, utilities and tickets. I want to give my children good nutrition but I don't have enough money. Sometimes I can't buy good grains, fruits and meat. I don't have a PPT and this makes it more difficult for me to get a job. I am in another country alone and I don't have a job."

"My biggest concern as a social leader is that many families only have one meal a day. It is very important to know what food is being delivered and where, but getting fresh fish, for example, requires spending travel money and many families do not have the money for this. That is why I think that knowing the nutrients in food is important, but even more important is having the resources to buy it. There is no point in having this information if we do not have the money to buy this kind of food."

URGENT ACTIONS

"I think that one of the things they can help us with is by giving us work without PPT, we are always waiting for them to give us everything, and things are not like that, we can also work to get our own things, but if they don't give us work, how can we buy food, we don't have enough."

"I support what my colleague said. Many times, it is not only the document that we do not have, but also the experience at work. They ask us for experience for a job but they do not give us the opportunity to acquire it."

- Before I lived at the base, on the border between Popular and Santa Rita, there was a popular for the boys and girls of the neighborhood, this was a great help because I didn't have a job, but I had the peace of mind that my daughter could eat there, sometimes when there was food left over they gave it to the mothers, as soon as I got a job I took my daughter out of the dining room so that another child who needed it could use it, because I already knew that I could meet this need.

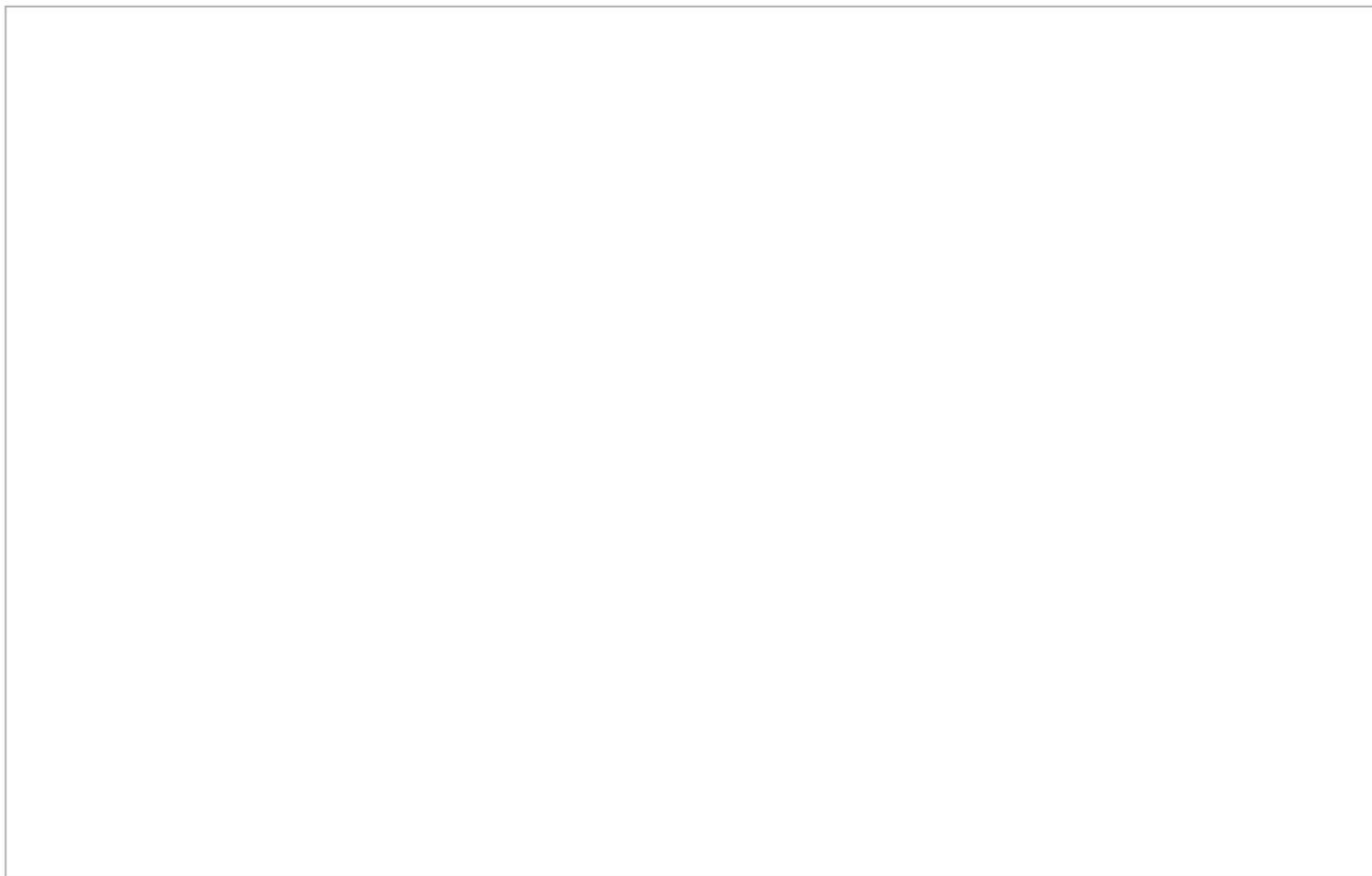
AREAS OF DIVERGENCE

"We all have a responsibility, but especially the community, because the projects are temporary, the community, the neighbors, we are the ones who inhabit the territory, the entities are the ones who have the resources, the mayor's office when we choose someone to represent us, hoping that they will give us some guarantee in the territory and many times it doesn't even happen, the local and international organizations, but it is the community that makes all this possible, that makes this work."

"Finally, I find it very valuable because World Vision is one of the entities that has been most inclusive in the territory. I remain hopeful that there will be an opportunity for this community and that, with your help, we can create a project to help all people."

"In this position as a social leader, I often don't know the needs of the people. Many organizations have come to the neighborhood with the idea of bringing us the leftover soup from the wholesaler. However, they tell me that I have to pay for the transportation, money that I don't have, and I don't agree with asking the population for this money."

GENERAL SUMMARY



SECTION FOUR: PRINCIPLES OF COMMITMENT AND METHOD

PRINCIPLES OF COMMITMENT

METHOD AND SCENARIO

It was carried out in a community action meeting using the conversation and debate method.

ADVICE FOR OTHER CONVENTORS

FEEDBACK FORM: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS